

Quiz 6

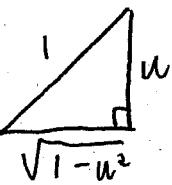
This quiz is graded out of 10 marks. No books, calculators, notes or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. (5 marks) §6.2 #7

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int_0^{\pi} \sin^4(3t) dt &= \int_0^{\pi} \sin^2(3t) \sin^2(3t) dt \\
 &= \int_0^{\pi} \left(\frac{1 - \cos 6t}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1 - \cos 6t}{2} \right) dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \int_0^{\pi} 1 - 2 \cos 6t + \cos^2 6t dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left[t - \frac{2 \sin 6t}{6} \right]_0^{\pi} + \frac{1}{4} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1 + \cos 12t}{2} dt \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{8} \left[t + \frac{\sin 12t}{12} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{3\pi}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

Question 2. (5 marks) §6.2 #51

Evaluate the integral

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x \sqrt{1-x^4} dx &= \int \sqrt{1-u^2} \frac{du}{2} \\
 u &= x^2 \\
 du &= 2x dx \\
 \frac{du}{2} &= x dx \\
 u &= \sin \theta \\
 du &= \cos \theta d\theta \\
 \theta &= \arcsin u
 \end{aligned}$$


$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{1-u^2} du \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{1-\sin^2 \theta} \cos \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta} \cos \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int \cos \theta \cos \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int \cos^2 \theta d\theta \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 + \cos 2\theta}{2} d\theta \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\theta + \frac{\sin 2\theta}{2} \right] + C
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\arcsin u + \frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta}{2} \right] + C \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\arcsin u + \sqrt{1-u^2} \frac{u}{1} \right] + C \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\arcsin x^2 + \sqrt{1-x^4} x^2 \right] + C
 \end{aligned}$$