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Quiz 8

This quiz is graded out of 10 marks. No books, calculators, notes or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. (5 marks) §7.1 #18 Sketch the region enclosed by the given curves and find its area.

$$y = |x|, y = x^2 - 2$$

Question 2. (5 marks) §7.4 #9 Find the exact length of the curve

$$y = \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{1}{4x}, \quad 1 \le x \le 2$$

$$S = \int_{av}^{b} \sqrt{1 + (y')^2} \, dx$$

$$y' = x^{2} - \frac{1}{4x^{2}}$$

$$= \int_{1}^{2} \sqrt{1 + \left(x^{2} - \frac{1}{4x^{2}}\right)^{2}} \, dy$$

$$= \int_{1}^{2} \sqrt{1 + x^{4} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{16x^{4}}} \, dv$$

$$= \int_{1}^{2} \sqrt{\chi^{4} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{16 \chi^{4}}} dx$$

$$= \int_{1}^{2} \sqrt{\left(\chi^{2} - \frac{1}{4\chi^{2}}\right)^{2}} dx$$

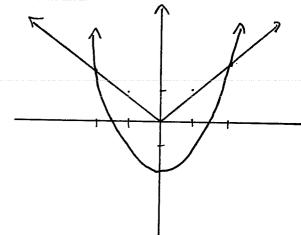
$$= \int_{1}^{2} \left| \chi^{2} - \frac{1}{4\chi^{2}} \right| dx$$

$$= \int_{1}^{2} x^{2} - \frac{1}{4x^{2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{1}{4x} \right]_{1}^{2}$$

$$= \left[\frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{1}{4x} \right]_{1}^{2}$$

$$= \frac{13}{6}$$



If x zo then
$$y=|x|$$
 is $y=x$
and intersection is
$$x=x^2-2$$

$$0=x^2-x-2$$

$$0=(x-2)(x-1)$$

$$1$$

$$x=2$$
If x to then $y=|x|$ is $y=-x$
and intersection is
$$-x=x^2-2$$

If x Lo then
$$y=|x|$$
 is $y=-x$
and intersection is
$$-x=x^2-2$$
$$o=x^2+x-2$$
$$o=(x+2)(x-1)$$
$$x=-2$$

$$A = \int_{-2}^{0} -x - (x^{2}-2) dx + \int_{0}^{2} x - (x^{2}-2) dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{x^{2}}{2} - \frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{2x}{3} \right]_{-2}^{0}$$

$$+ \left[\frac{x^{2}}{2} - \frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{2x}{3} \right]_{0}^{2}$$

$$= -\left[-\frac{(-2)^{2}}{2} - \frac{(-2)^{3}}{3} + \frac{2(-1)}{3} \right]$$

 $+ \left[\frac{2^{2}}{2} - \frac{2^{3}}{3} + 2(2) \right] = \frac{10}{3}$